

Somali Refugees Women of Childbearing Age



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Background

- •High rates of C-sections have been noted amongst Somali Refugee Women who do not receive prenatal care
- Somali Refugee Women of Childbearing age perceive pregnancy as a natural process and they are not 'sick'
- •Therefore, despite efforts by healthcare providers to encourage early prenatal care, Somali Refugee Women either do not seek any prenatal care or wait until late in the pregnancy

Purpose

The purpose of this project was to explore Somali Refugee Women of childbearing age regarding their unwillingness to seek early prenatal healthcare services.

The outcome is to identify strategies for improving the initiation of early prenatal care by Somali refugee women of childbearing age

A secondary outcome is to prevent poor birth outcomes.

Methods

- Quality improvement project
- Created Community Advisory Board to help develop project with community input.
- Created healthcare team to help develop project with healthcare provider input

Community Advisory Board (CAB)

- Reviewed and advised on:
- mission,
- vision,
- goals and
- activities Monthly meetings
- •Members:
- Community partners
- Professionals within the community

Healthcare Team

- Supported community assessment activities
- CAB and
- SRW interview data

Interdisciplinary Members:

- Executive Director Community Based Organization
- Advanced Practice Nurse
- Community Health Promotion Specialist

Participants

- •Somali Refugee Women (N = 13)
- Residents of a large Southern California community.
- Willing to discuss perceptions of barriers to prenatal care,

Instruments

- Demographic Data
- Interview Guide: Developed for Quality Improvement project

Data Analysis:

- Responses manually recorded
- Thematic Analysis
- Matrix developed to explore patterns

Findings: Demographic Data

Age: 22-45

Income: <\$24,000/year Education:

- No formal education: 69%
- College education: 31%



Findings: Themes

Evil Eye

Curse or Bad luck

"they do not share because of fear of "evil eye"

Limited Support from Spouses

Women have all of the household and child care chores

- "Our husbands are not supportive with childcare and household responsibilities"
- "Somali men leaving little time for their pregnant wives to obtain healthcare"

Limited Resources

- "No insurance or Medi-Cal"
- "They have no regular doctor or nurse practitioner because of language barriers and transportation"
- "Somali healthcare providers"

Physicians Just Don't Understand

SRW did not feel that healthcare providers understood their culture or beliefs

"Doctors do not understand our issues"

Modesty

Somali women do not share pregnancy with others because of modesty"

- "A 99% of Somali women prefer a female practitioner if there is physical touch"
- •"70% and 75% of Somali women do not seek a doctor [a healthcare provider] because they feel shy about sharing their personal business with others. Therefore, they wait to see a doctor at six to seven months of pregnancy".

Confidentiality

Interpreters share confidential information with the community

But I'm Not Sick

They do not go and see a doctor unless they are sick. Not being not ill and seeing a doctor cost the government a lot of money. They save money by not visiting healthcare providers.

MCH Nursing Leadership Journey

Challenge the Process

The beliefs of Somali Refugee Women of childbearing age beliefs to accessing quality prenatal healthcare related to their health belie

Inspire a Shared Vision

Community members recognized need for SRW of childbearing age to utilize early access to prenatal health services and have healthy pregnancies and babies

Enable Others to Act

Met with Somali community members and challenged them to identify barriers to Somali Refugee Women of childbearing age accessing prenatal care.

Model the Way

Talked with Somali Refugee Women to find out their views on barriers to accessing prenatal care

Encourage the Heart

Shared findings with advisory group

Thanked and acknowledged contributions of each advisory group

Member

Acknowledgements:

Community Advisory Board (CAB) (Alphabetical Order)

Rahmo Abdi, International Refugee Girls Association/Somali Youth United Sahra Abdi, United Women's East African Support Team/City Heights Hope Safiya Abdirahman, Horn of Africa Ralph Achenbach, San Diego Refugee Forum

Kayti Buehler, Buehler, Both Doula (My San Diego Doula) Bonnie Copland, Central Region Public Health Center Manager Yasmin Hamud, Center for Bridging Communities

Fadumo Jama, Somali Family Services Ahmed Malinomar, City Youth &Family Outreach Bill Oswald, Springfield College (San Diego Campus)

Ramla Sahid, Mid-City CAN

Interdisciplinary Team (IT) (Alphabetical Order Amelia Barile-Simon, Community Health Promotion Yasmin Hamud, Center for Bridging Communities





