# Developing a clinical question with Nursing Clinicians in Cardiology

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# Background

- Evidence based practice : "the conscientious, explicit, and judicious use of current best evidence in making decisions about the care of individual patients"<sup>1</sup>
- Clinical evidence from systematic research
- Best evidence to answer clinical question
- EBP steps involve asking focused questions<sup>2</sup>
- First step is asking an answerable question<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1.</sup> Sackett et al., 1996; <sup>2.</sup> Schardt et al., 2007; <sup>3.</sup> Polit & Beck, 2010

### Good research questions

#### **Characteristics**

- Feasible
- Interesting
- Novel
- Ethical
- Relevant<sup>4</sup>



#### For Busy Clinicians

- Large volume of patients
- Important patient outcomes
- Additional funding not required
- Measurement tools available
- Data collection integrated into usual care routines
- Interesting topic
- Within scope of practice<sup>5</sup>

<sup>4</sup> Cummings et al ., 2007; <sup>5</sup> Chulay, 2006

## Aim

To engage clinicians in the research process by building skills in developing a clinically relevant research question



Setting



- Cardiology, Tertiary Referral Hospital, Brisbane Nursing Staff
- NUM, Nurse Educator, Clinical Nurses, Registered Nurses, Endorsed Enrolled Nurses
- Nurse Researcher
- Knowledge development
- In-service
- Research team
- Cardiology clinical nursing staff; Nurse Researcher; Nursing Academic

Brainstorming using focus groups aiming for 10 potential questions

- high volume patients
- patient problems
- common nursing interventions
- common symptoms managed by nurses
- important patient outcomes
- commonly used medications
- commonly used technology<sup>5</sup>

<sup>5</sup> Chulay, 2006

Key topics in cardiology used to generated ideas included:-

- 10 top DRGs
- specific cardiology patient issues
- nursing care for acute cardiology patients
- cardiology monitoring and technology
- cardiac devices
- resuscitation
- common co-morbidities



Over 65 topics/questions initially generated Examples:-



- Do nurses have a systematic process for applying research-based nursing interventions to clinical practice?
- Can patients manage their chest pain when they get home?
- Do patients understand their medications and can they recall the information they receive?
- Does handover meet the nurses' needs for correct and timely information?
- Are nurses practicing health promotion behaviours themselves?
- How do nurses communicate cancellations to the patient and their family?
- How do nurses transfer knowledge into their clinical practice?

10 general questions developed

- Do cardiology nurses practice cardiovascular risk factor modification strategies when making decisions regarding their own lifestyle?
- 2. What aspects of working in a health care environment impact positively or negatively on nursing staff morale?
- 3. What factors impede patient flow through the cardiology unit and what effect do these issues have on patients and their care?
- 4. Are cardiology nurses able to apply their theoretical knowledge to their clinical practice?
- 5. What dressing techniques for PPM sites are most effective and provide the best outcomes for the patient?

- 6. Can patients diagnosed with ACS undertake appropriate risk factor management and implement appropriate health care following discharge?
- 7. What are the pre-discharge information needs of ACS patients?
- 8. What knowledge and risk factor management strategies are newly diagnosed ACS patients learning prior to discharge?
- 9. Are cardiology nurses teaching risk factor management to patients effectively?
- 10. Do 8 and 12 hour shifts impact differently on nurses' psychological variables?

#### **Question Development**

Developing researchable questions<sup>6</sup>

- P patient
- I intervention
- C comparison
- O outcomes

Designed to focus clinical questions<sup>2</sup>



<sup>6</sup> Sackett et al., 1997; <sup>2</sup> Schardt et al., 2007

#### Research question development

Example:

In \_\_\_\_\_ (population) what is the effect of \_\_\_\_\_ (intervention) in comparison to \_\_\_\_\_ (comparison) on \_\_\_\_\_(outcome)?<sup>3</sup>

Example:

Does mobilization at 3, 4, or 6 hours after sheath removal affect the rate and type of groin vascular complications in patients after PCI?<sup>7</sup>

<sup>3</sup> Polit & Beck 2010; <sup>7</sup>Walker et al., 2008



#### Results

- 10 clinically relevant topics developed
- achieved consensus
- researchable question refined

#### Cardiology Research question



Do cardiac patients modify their lifestyle following admission to hospital after a cardiac event ?

### Conclusion

- Researchable questions can be developed by clinicians
- Team work and leadership
- Access to Nurse Researcher
- Structured approach
- Engagement with the research process

The challenge in developing a good research question is ensuring ideas are generated and transformed into a feasible and relevant clinical question that results in the completion of a valid study.



#### Outcome

#### Retention of Self-Care Information Post Myocardial Infarction

- Research study commenced in March 2011
- Pre-test, post-test study
  - Recruited 135 patients
  - Follow-up 114 patients
- Data collection and analysis completed
- Results to be presented at a conference next month

#### Questions



#### References

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