

# Testing the Effectiveness of Internet/Smartphone Based Interventions on Survivor Safety and Health

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# What is Decisional Conflict for Survivors of Intimate Partner Violence?

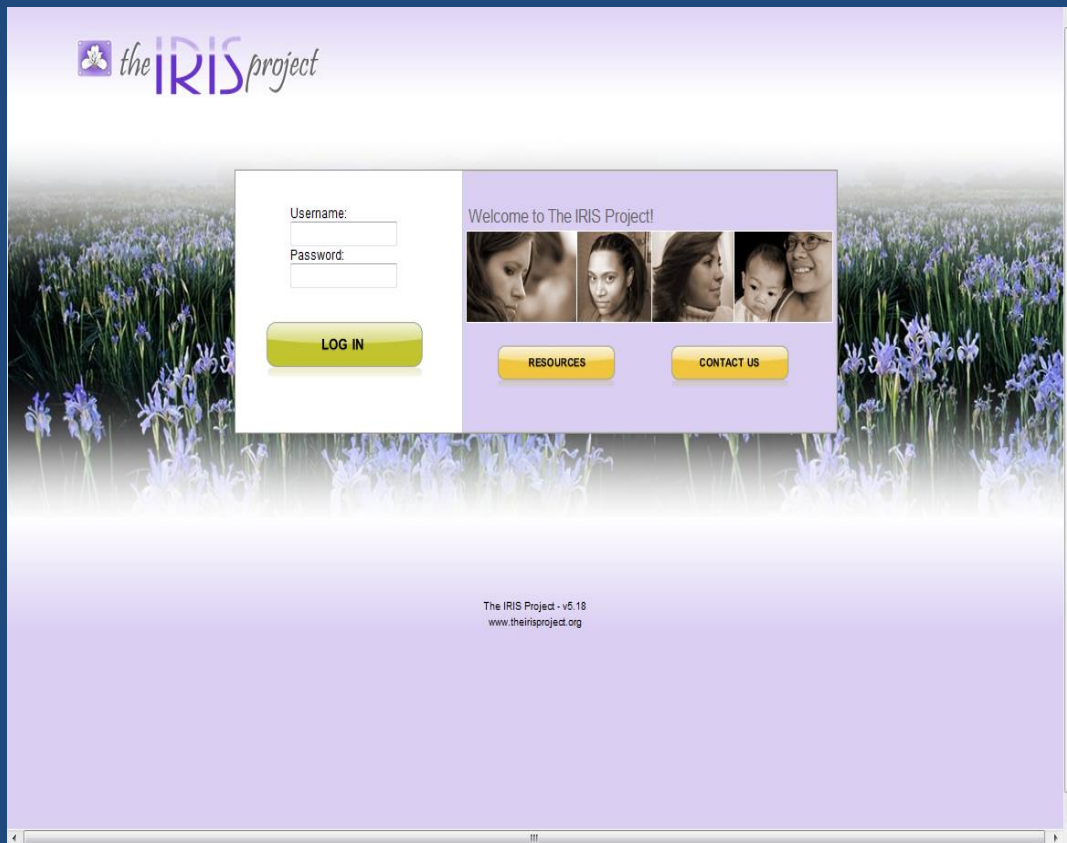




Pros | Cons

What is a  
Safety  
Decision Aid?

# Safety Decision Aids: Internet (IRIS) and Smartphone (MyPlan) platforms



# Systematic Approach to Development and Evaluation of Safety Decision Aids

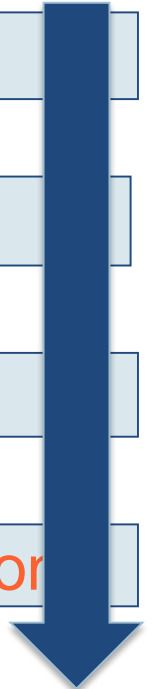
Reviewed the existing evidence IPV and safety

Developed evidence-based safety decision aid

Evaluate with IPV survivors and advocates

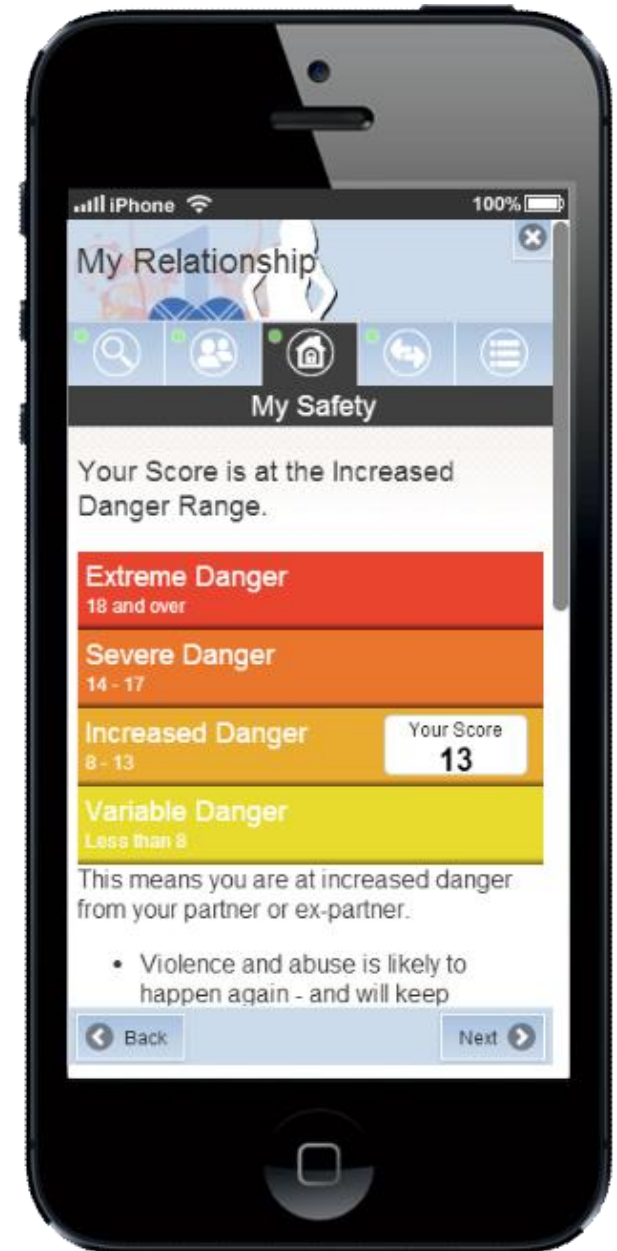
Revise and adapt safety decision aid based on evaluation

Effectiveness evaluation to determine safety decision aid impact on survivor safety and health



A safety decision aid  
can help a survivor....

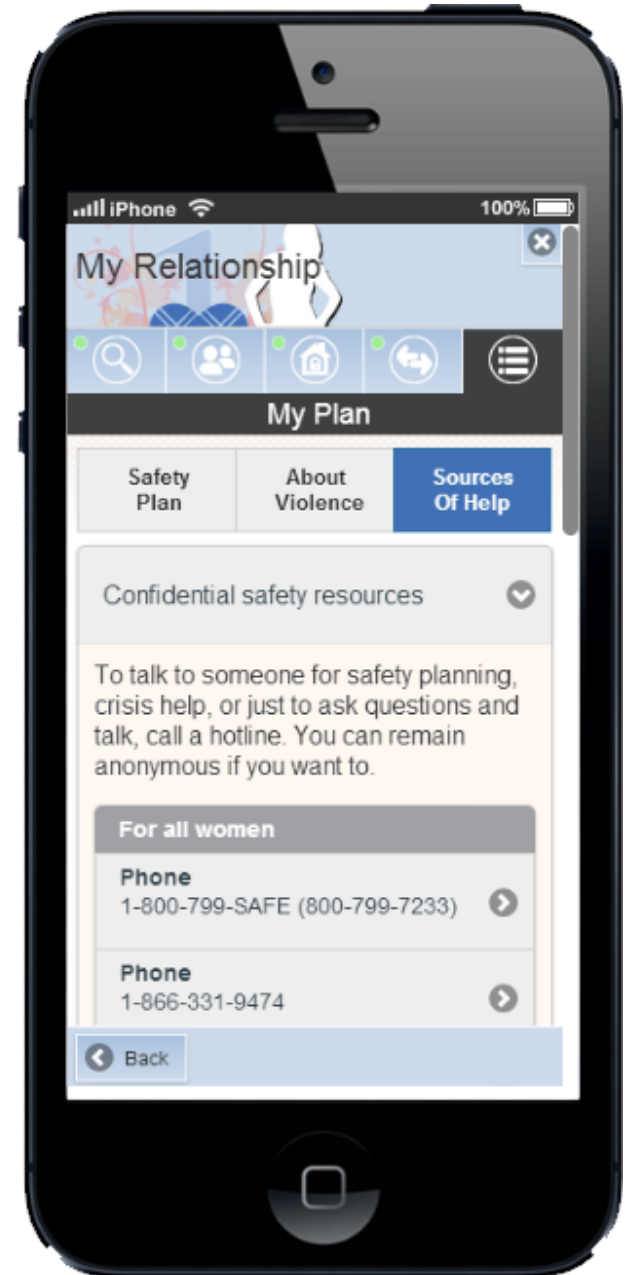
Learn about  
her risk for  
severe/lethal  
violence in an  
abusive  
relationship



Consider  
her  
priorities  
for safety



Personalize an  
action plan  
for safety and  
connect to  
local/national  
advocacy  
resources



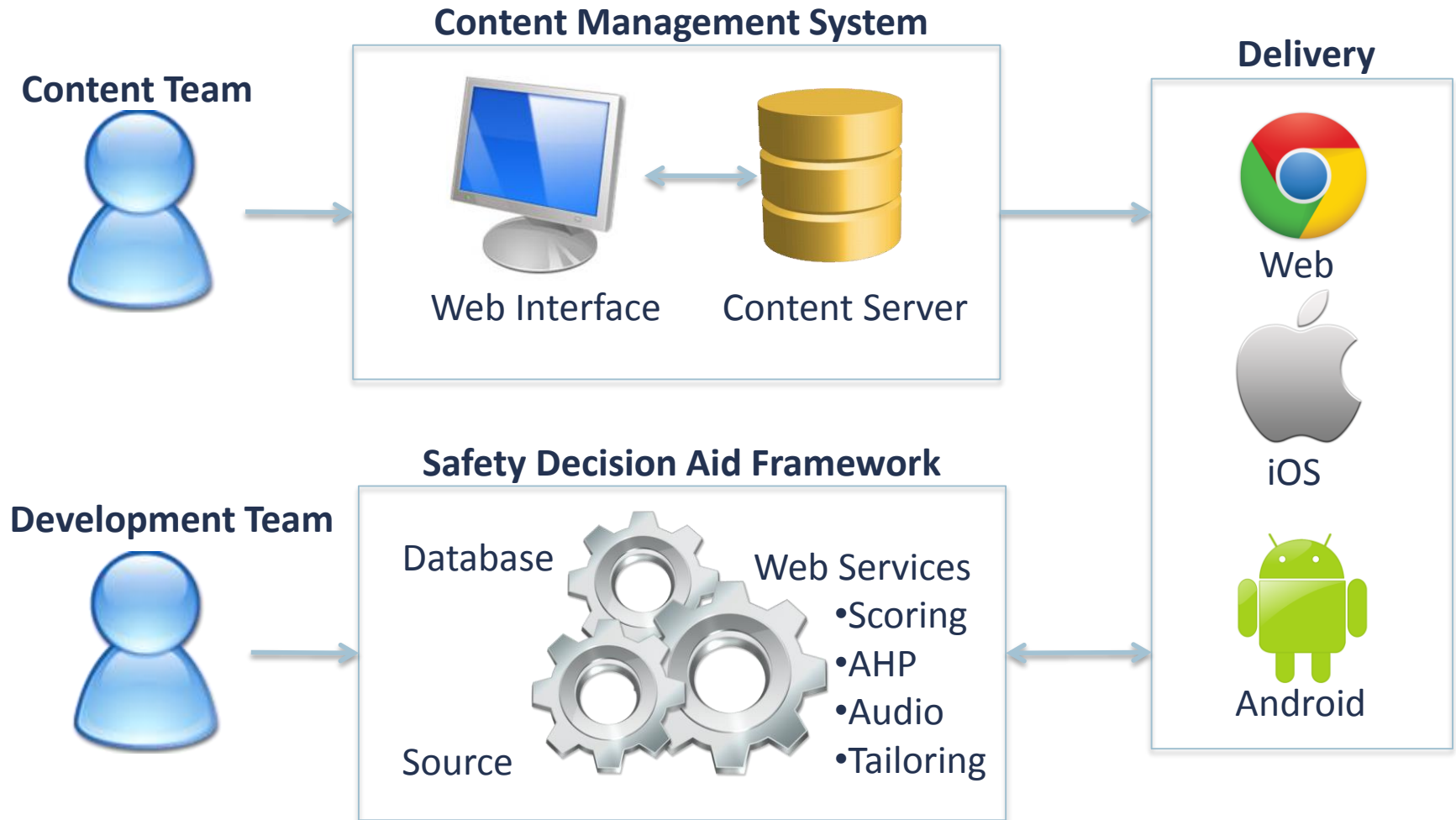


MyPlan App is a safety decision aid for both survivors and their friends to assess danger in relationship, consider priorities for safety and personalize an action plan for safety

[www.joinonelove.org](http://www.joinonelove.org)



# The Technology



# Impact Evaluation: IRIS Project

A 5-year randomized trial to evaluate effectiveness of the internet based safety decision aid on the following outcomes:

- *Reducing survivor decisional conflict about safety*
  - *Increasing survivor safety seeking behaviors*
  - *Reducing survivor IPV exposure*
  - *Improving survivor mental health*
- 
- Funding provided by NIH/NIMH (R01 MH08564, 05/2010-02/2015)

# The IRIS Project

720 women in Arizona, Maryland, Missouri, Oregon

- Currently in an abusive relationship
- Comfortable using a computer/internet
- Access to safe computer/email

Randomized to Intervention (safety decision aid) or control (usual safety planning) website

Outcomes measured in both groups at baseline, 3, 6, and 12 months post-baseline

# IRIS Recruitment Strategies

- Majority of IPV studies recruit abused women from formal violence resources (e.g. shelters, courts, DV advocacy programs)
- Globally, the majority of abused women never access formal resources (Goodman et al, 2003; Ansara & Hindin, 2010)
- Our strategy is to reach beyond these formal services to engage women currently in an abusive relationship in action plans for safety

# IRIS Recruitment Strategies

## Online

Craigslist  
Facebook pages  
Listservs  
University websites  
Clinicaltrials.gov  
Low cost classifieds

## Flyers

Welfare offices  
Health dept/WIC  
Clinics  
Daycares  
Housing programs  
Colleges  
Support groups  
Culturally specific services  
Coffee shops



## THE IRIS PROJECT

**ARE YOU CURRENTLY IN AN UNSAFE  
INTIMATE RELATIONSHIP?**

**DO YOU HAVE ACCESS TO A SAFE  
COMPUTER WITH INTERNET?**

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**BE A PART OF A VOLUNTARY, CONFIDENTIAL STUDY ON AN  
INTERNET-BASED SAFETY PLANNING TOOL FOR WOMEN!**

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- *You will be reimbursed for your time  
(up to \$180 in gift cards)*
- *The study involves four different internet-based  
survey sessions (no in-person meetings  
required), over a period of one year*



**FOR MORE INFORMATION, PLEASE CALL OUR  
CONFIDENTIAL RECRUITMENT LINE AT**

**1-888-822-5799**

**OR EMAIL [MARYLAND@WOMENSINTERNETSTUDY.ORG](mailto:MARYLAND@WOMENSINTERNETSTUDY.ORG)**

# IRIS Project Enrollment

- Interested woman call toll-free project # or email
- Research assistant (RA) screens for eligibility by phone; obtains informed consent; collects randomization data (language, children) and safe contact info (email, phone)
- RA enters participant information into secure project database
- Eligible woman is auto-emailed information re: website login, RA contact, and computer safety
- RA sent auto-email when woman completes
- RA sends incentive to safe email address/mail as requested



# How did survivors learn about the IRIS project (n=720)?

- 77% of woman identified project from craigslist ads in participating states
- 11% from flyers in the community
- 6% from other internet advertising
- 4% from other sources (newspaper, radio, etc.)
- 2% referred by friend/family/other participants

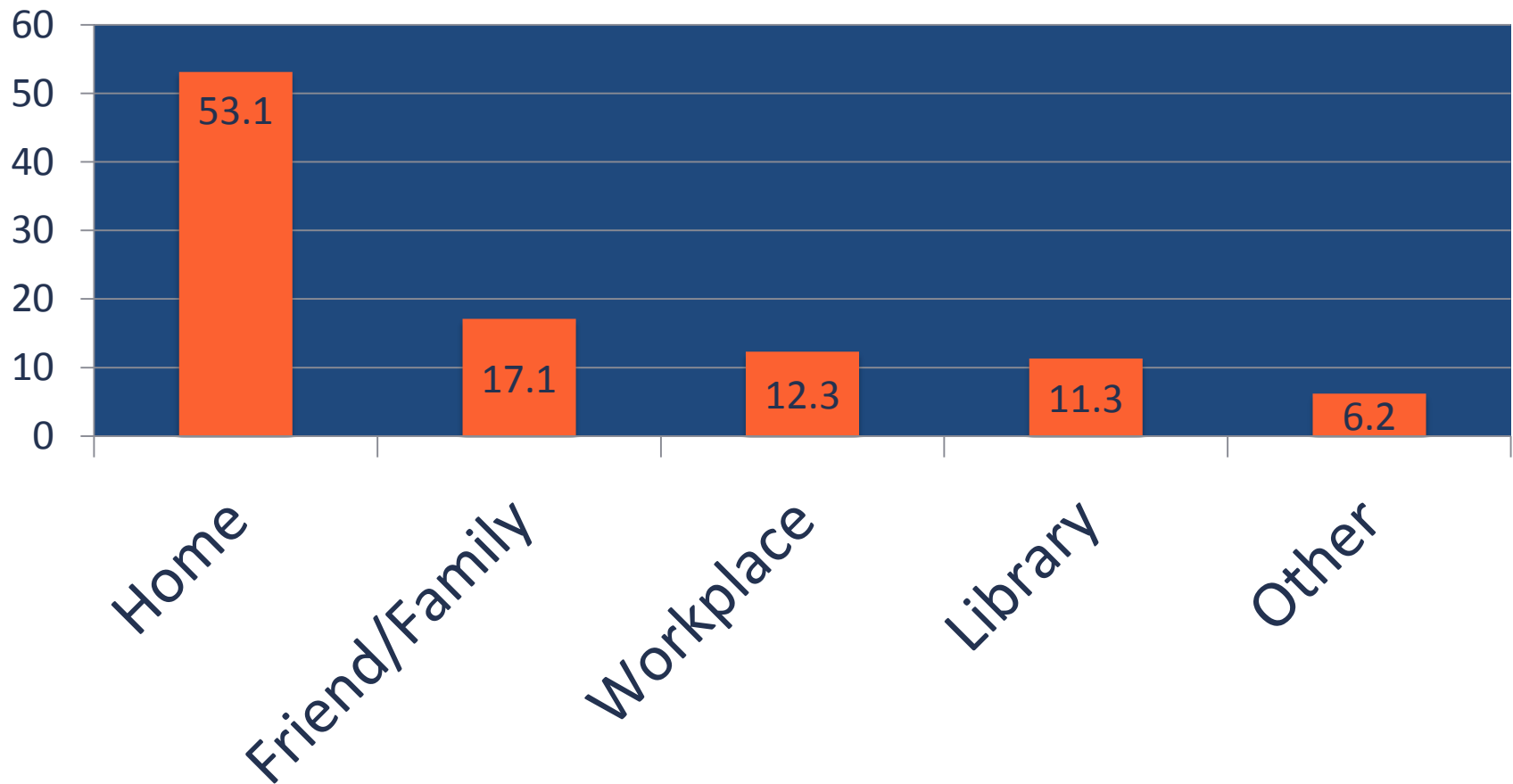
# The IRIS Project

720 women in Arizona, Maryland, Missouri, Oregon

- 40% of survivors self-identified as racial/ethnic minorities
- 11% of survivors identified abusive partner as a woman
- 94% retention at all time-points

Replica trials of safety decision aid currently being conducted in New Zealand, Canada and Australia – planned for Hong Kong

# Where Do Survivors Access Internet-based Safety Decision Aid?



# Accessibility Challenges

- Keeping up with changing technology
- Troubleshooting with survivors remotely
- Management of resource links in the safety decision aid
- Difficulty reaching rural, Spanish speaking survivors by internet

# Safety Consideration

- Well-developed and tested **safety protocols** implement with skilled research assistants
- Assessing access to/use of **safe computers/smartphones**
- Reducing possibility of **abusers finding out purpose of IRIS project website**
- How to handle survivor disclosure of safety issues: **suicidality**

# Survivor feedback enhances safety for internet and smartphone use: **Suicide Protocol**

## Original Suicide Protocol

If survivor reported suicidality during use of safety decision aid, trained staff immediately contacted survivor to assess for suicidality, provided local/national Suicide Hotline resources



## Enhanced Suicide Protocol

- If survivor report suicidality during use of safety decision aid a pop-up window with additional questions appears
- Asks how she would like to seek help, giving choice to be contacted by staff
- All provided with Local/National Suicide Hotline resources

# Promising Findings

- After only one use of the internet-based safety decision aid (average 45-50 minutes), survivors reported less decisional conflict about safety, specifically less uncertainty, more clarity and more support about safety decisions in an abusive intimate relationship

Table: Regressions examining the effect of the intervention (safety decision aid) on baseline change in decisional conflict controlling for pre-test score and length of intimate relationship

	Decisional conflict: total		Decisional conflict: informed		Decisional conflict: uncertainty		Decisional conflict: values clarity		Decisional conflict: support	
	B	p	$\beta$	p	$\beta$	p	$\beta$	p	$\beta$	p
Length of relationship	.02	.494	.03	.363	.04	.209	-.01	.653	.01	.543
Pre-test score	-.54	<.001	-.56	<.001	-.67	<.001	-.65	<.001	-.96	<.001
Intervention	-.10	.002	-.03	.292	-.08	.005	-.07	.011	-.03	.007

## Interpretations for Table

- Total Score: Survivors in the intervention group (safety decision aid) had a greater reduction in total decisional conflict controlling for their pre-test score compared to survivors in control group.*
- Informed: Difference in change was not statistically significant.*
- Uncertainty: Survivor in the intervention group had a greater reduction in uncertainty decisional conflict controlling for their pre-test score compared to survivors in control group.*
- Values Clarity: Survivors in the intervention group had a greater reduction in values clarity decisional conflict controlling for their pre-test score compared to survivors in the control group.*
- Support: Survivors in the intervention group had a greater reduction in support decisional conflict controlling for their pre-test score compared to survivors in control group.*

“The info from the survey has giving the courage, will, and resources I needed to get out of that abusive relationship with my husband.”

“Very empowering questions that raise awareness - did for me”

**“The website may have saved my life, I never thought of putting together a safety plan before”**

**“I used a lot of the resources from the site”**

***“Once I finally understood exactly how deadly the situation actually was; I left. Had I not gotten the info from your study we would likely still be living in fear at the house”***